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This guide does not constitute legal advice. This guide attempts to summarize existing policies or laws without stating the opinion of AFC. If you have a legal problem, please contact an attorney or advocate.
INTRODUCTION

This guide is meant to give immigrant families a basic overview of their rights in the New York City public school system and is primarily meant for parents of school-age children, from kindergarten to 12th grade.

As you read through the guide, there are 6 basic rights to keep in mind:

THE BIG 6:
Your Rights in the NYC Public School System

1. Your child has the right to go to school regardless of his or her immigration status, or your family’s immigration status.

2. If your child needs help learning English, you have the right to choose either a bilingual or English as a New Language (ENL) program.

3. You have the right to apply to public schools of your choice for elementary, middle, and high school.

4. You have the right to receive school-related information translated into your preferred language.

5. You have the right to be told if your child is at risk of suspension or repeating a grade.

6. Your child is entitled to receive an education without being discriminated because of his race, immigration status, country of origin, or ethnicity.

If you have additional questions after reading this guide, call AFC’s Education Helpline 866-427-6033 (toll free) • Monday—Thursday • 10am—4pm We can speak to you in YOUR language.
ENROLLING IN SCHOOL

When can my child attend school?

Children ages 5 to 21 have the right to attend public school no matter where they were born or what language they speak. In New York City (NYC), 4 year olds also qualify for Universal Pre-Kindergarten (UPK) and children as young as 3 may receive education services if programs have space available.

All children ages 5 to 21 who apply to public school should be admitted and placed in an appropriate program within 5 school days. An eligible child cannot be turned away from kindergarten. Teenagers cannot be turned away from high school or sent to a high school equivalency diploma preparation program because of her age, limited prior education, or because she is an English Language Learner.

Immigration status does not matter.

Immigrant students have the right to attend school regardless of their immigration status or their family’s immigration status. No one in the school may ask about a child’s or family’s immigration status. Although some school forms may ask for a social security number, parents and students are NOT required to give this information.

Immigrant students are entitled to receive all school services for which they are eligible, including free lunch, free breakfast, and transportation, even if they or their family are undocumented and don’t have a social security number.

Where should I enroll my child?

Students must live in NYC in order to attend a NYC public school. If your child is entering elementary or middle school, he may attend his zoned school, among other options. To find out what school your child is zoned for, dial 311. You can also visit the Family Welcome Center in your borough to explore other school options for your child.

If your child is entering high school, contact the Family Welcome Center in your borough for more information about finding a high school. Family Welcome Center contact information can be found on page 19 of this guide.

TIP:
If asked for your Social Security number, fill in 000-00-0000.
Important Documents

Bring these with you to enroll your child in school:

1. **Proof of residence**, such as a gas, cable, electric, or water bill, or a lease. CAREFUL, telephone bills, credit card bills, driver’s licenses etc. are NOT acceptable proof. Two to three documents are required, depending on the type of document. To see a complete list of documents that are accepted as proof of residency visit: [http://schools.nyc.gov/ChoicesEnrollment/NewStudents/default.htm](http://schools.nyc.gov/ChoicesEnrollment/NewStudents/default.htm).

2. **Proof of your child’s age**, such as your child’s birth certificate or passport.

3. **Your child’s immunization record**, if available.

4. If available, **your child’s most recent report card/transcript, Individualized Education Program (IEP), or 504 Accommodation Plan** – see page 10 for details about these items.

**What if my child does not have school records or has spent little or no time in school?**

She still has the right to be immediately admitted into public school. An admissions counselor or other staff member at the school your child will attend should create a student profile and evaluate her in the language that she speaks. If no one on staff speaks your child’s language, the school should arrange for interpretation.

**What if my child’s record/transcript is from a school in another country?**

Have your child’s foreign school record/transcript translated by the school she will attend, the Department of Education, or an outside source (e.g. your consulate, a community organization, or private service). The school will then evaluate the translated document and determine your child’s grade.

In the meantime, your child must be admitted to school.
What is School Choice?

Although your child may be assigned to their neighborhood or “zoned” school, you have a choice about what school – and type of school! – your child attends. Parents should research schools, visit any that interest them, and submit an application on their child’s behalf. Immigrant students and students learning English are eligible to attend all NYC public schools including:

- **Charter Schools**: Privately managed public schools. You must apply and admission is by lottery.
- **Magnet Schools**: Unzoned public schools with special programs (e.g. arts, technology, science). You must apply.
- **International High Schools**: Public schools where all students are immigrants.
- **Gifted and Talented Education programs**: Public schools with special advanced programs. Your child must take an exam to be accepted. ELLs in grades K-2 may request to take a translated exam, which is translated into 9 languages. Other testing accommodations are available for ELLs and former ELLs.

For more information on applying to schools, please call our Helpline or visit the DOE’s website on school choice: [http://schools.nyc.gov/ChoicesEnrollment/default.htm](http://schools.nyc.gov/ChoicesEnrollment/default.htm).

Can I transfer my child to a different school?

Any request to transfer schools must be made in writing. The three most common types of transfers are (1) Medical Transfers, (2) Safety Transfers, and (3) Transportation Hardship Transfers (commuting by public transportation for 90 minutes or more in each direction). Where your other children attend school may be taken into consideration in transfer requests as well.

It is important to note that these transfers are very difficult to get. More information can be found on the DOE’s website: [http://schools.nyc.gov/ChoicesEnrollment/Transfers/default.htm](http://schools.nyc.gov/ChoicesEnrollment/Transfers/default.htm).
SERVICES FOR ENGLISH LANGUAGE LEARNERS (ELLs)

All students have the right to public education, regardless of how well they speak English. Students learning English are entitled to special instruction to teach them English. These students are called “English Language Learners” (ELLs).

The most common models of instruction are Transitional Bilingual Education (TBE) or English as a New Language (ENL). Dual Language programs may also be offered to ELLs.

Is my child eligible for ELL Services?

Once your child enters a NYC school, you must fill out a Home Language Identification Survey (HLIS) with the help of a teacher or administrator. This survey asks about the languages you speak in your home and that are used by your child. A teacher then interviews you and your child in your home language and in English, and reviews the child’s past work, if available.

If eligible, your child then takes a test in English, called the New York State Identification Test for English Language Learners (NYSITELL) to find out the level of your child’s English abilities. This test should be given to the student within the first 10 days of enrolling in school. If your child does not pass the NYSITELL, she is eligible for ELL services.

ELLs must also take the New York State English as a Second Language Achievement Test (NYSESLAT) once every year in the spring. Once your child scores a certain level on the NYSESLAT, she will no longer be considered an ELL and will no longer receive ENL or TBE instruction.
**Telling the Difference Between ELL Programs**

1. **Transitional Bilingual Education (TBE):** Instruction is given in both English and the student’s native language. The amount of English used increases as the student becomes more proficient.

2. **English as a New Language (ENL):** Students taught entirely in English and learn to speak, read, and write English from a trained teacher. (Most new immigrant students are in ENL classes).

3. **Dual language (DL):** ELLs and native English speakers learn together in one classroom so that the two groups of students will become proficient in both English and the second language. Each school has its own unique admissions process. Most dual language programs in NYC teach Spanish as a second language, but a few teach Chinese, Haitian Creole, Russian, Korean, French, and Arabic.


**Can I choose my child’s ELL program?**

**YES.** Parents have the right to choose between TBE, DL and ENL. While most schools have ENL classes, TBE and DL classes are less common. If another school in your child’s district offers the TBE or Dual Language program you want and has space in the program, you have the right to transfer your child to that school. Your child is also entitled to free transportation to attend that school. If you would like to transfer your child, contact your school for assistance.

Schools are required to create a bilingual program in a new language based on the number of ELLs in a particular grade:

- **Elementary and Middle school:** 15+ ELLs in the same grade **OR** within 2 grades of one another using the same native language
- **High School:** 20+ ELLs in **ONE** grade using the same native language.

You can ask the school that your child attends to create a bilingual program if the school has the above-specified number of ELLs.

**If no school in your child’s district offers a bilingual program in your child’s language, your child must take ENL.**

**TIP:**

ENL programs must be tailored to each child’s individual English language abilities. This means not every ENL student in the same class has to receive the same ENL curriculum! If your child has more advanced English skills than her classmates, she is entitled to a more advanced level of instruction.
Will my child’s school contact me about ELL programs?

**YES.** Under NYS law, parents must be notified within 5 school days of the student being identified as an ELL. Prior to your child’s enrollment in a bilingual or ENL program, you have the right to:

1. An orientation session with an explanation of the different program options;
2. A description of state standards and tests, and requirements for TBE, DL and ENL programs; and
3. All information provided in your preferred language. If you encounter any problems, please call our Helpline.

Is my child eligible for language services after she is no longer an ELL?

**YES.** For at least 2 years after becoming proficient in English (based on NYSESLAT scores), former ELLs must receive 90 minutes per week of integrated ENL (instruction to build English language skills through content area instruction, such as science or Math) or other former ELL support services.

**TIP:**
School personnel must meet with parents of ELLs at least once a year to discuss the child’s language development, progress and needs.
What is special education?

Special education is a program providing specialized instruction, supports, and services for students who have disabilities. Such disabilities can range from learning and behavioral difficulties to very severe physical and intellectual disabilities. Special education students can be taught either with non-disabled peers in a general education classroom OR in a separate classroom for students with disabilities. Depending on a student’s needs, a student may also receive “related services” such as occupational therapy, physical therapy or counseling.

For a more detailed explanation of the NYC special education system and the rights of students with disabilities, see AFC’s Guide to Special Education, available in:


How do children receive special education services?

Parents can request that their child be evaluated for special education. This request must be in writing and addressed to the chairperson of your school district’s Committee on Special Education (CSE), or your school’s principal.

School staff can also refer a child for special education services. The referral must be in writing and document the ways in which the school tried to help the student through general education services (e.g., ENL, tutoring, afterschool programs, behavior strategies) before considering special education. Parents must also give written consent in order for their children to be evaluated for special education.
**How do ELLs receive special education services?**

Your child is entitled to special education services immediately, no matter how long she has lived in the United States.

**Students CANNOT be referred to special education just because they do not speak English well.**

Parents have the right to request a referral of their child to special education at any time. Once your child is evaluated, you will meet with a team of professionals at the school to discuss whether your child needs special education. This team should include a teacher or related services provider certified to teach English to speakers of other languages or to provide bilingual services. If your child is eligible for special education services, the team will create an **Individualized Education Program (IEP)**. This is a document that will describe your child’s program, services and educational goals.

**Can I request translations of my child’s special education documents?**

**YES.** Parents have the right to have all IEPs, evaluation results, and notices about special education translated into their preferred language. Parents also have the right to have interpreters at meetings. You may request these translation and interpretation services from your child’s school. If services are not provided, please contact our Helpline. You may also file a complaint with the Department of Education (DOE) by calling (718) 935-2013.

**NOTE:**

Can my child receive ELL services in Special Education?
YES. If your child is an ELL she must receive both special education and ELL services.

What if a bilingual special education class is not available at my child’s school?
Your child may:
1. Be temporarily placed in an English-only special education class with ENL instruction; or
2. Have a bilingual paraprofessional in class to interpret for her.

What if my child’s school does not provide the services on her IEP?
If a child is not receiving the class, service, and/or language supports that she needs, you can file an impartial hearing request to receive an order that would require the DOE to provide the needed services.

How do I file an Impartial Hearing Request?
Written requests can be sent to:
Impartial Hearing Office
Department of Education
131 Livingston St., Room 201
Brooklyn, NY 11201
Tel. 718-935-3280
Fax. 718-935-2528


WARNING: A school should not change your child’s IEP simply because they do not offer the appropriate services or programs that she needs (including ELL services)!

TIP: You have the right to an interpreter at impartial hearings and should request one before the hearing date. Call the impartial hearing office at (718) 935-3280 to request an interpreter.
A suspension is the removal of a child from the classroom. There are two types of suspensions:

- **Principals’ Suspensions** – which last up to 5 days, and
- **Superintendents’ suspensions** – which can last up to 1 year. Superintendents’ suspensions may lead to expulsion if the suspended student is over 17 years old on the first day of school. Students are suspended from school if they are seen as a danger to themselves or others. **ELLs can be suspended.**

If your child is suspended, he has the right to receive all homework, classwork, and instruction at an alternative site during the suspension.

**What should I do if my child is suspended?**

If your child is suspended, you have the right to be immediately notified orally and in writing of the specific charges against your child. You also have the right to all documented evidence against your child. **This information should be provided in a language that you understand.**

You also have the right to have a **suspension conference** (for a principal’s suspension) or a **hearing** (for a superintendent’s suspension). Parents and students have the right to bring a representative or advocate to suspension conferences and hearings. To request representation, you may call AFC’s Helpline or Legal Services of New York at (212) 431-7200.

**TIP:**
If your child is disabled and has been suspended, please call our Helpline. There are special procedures that you have the right to know about and participate in if this occurs.

**What does my child need to do to be promoted from one grade to the next?**

Although we encourage you to read the detailed promotion guidelines on the DOE website, the chart below lists the basic promotion criteria by grade:

<table>
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<th>Grade Level</th>
<th>Basic Criteria</th>
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<tr>
<td>Kindergarten – 2nd Grade</td>
<td>School staff make decisions whether to promote the child</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3rd – 8th Grade</td>
<td>Promotion decisions are made based on a review of test scores, course grades, report cards, student projects and assignments. State test scores should not be a major factor in promotion decisions.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| 9th – 12th Grade (High School)| Promotion is based on attendance and the number of credits a student has:  
- 8 credits to enter 10th grade  
- 20 credits to enter 11th grade  
- 28 credits to enter 11th grade |

**Can ELLs be held back in school?**

**YES.** ELLs can be held back if they fail a grade or do not meet the specific promotion criteria for their grade. ELLs CANNOT be held back solely because they do not speak English well.

Two groups of ELLs are exempt from the promotion standards:

1. ELLs in grades 3-7 who have been in a U.S. public school for less than 2 years and ELLs in grade 8 who have been in a U.S. public school for less than 1 year; **AND**
2. Special education students (including ELLs) whose IEPs state that they are exempt **OR** that modified promotion criteria will be used.
How will my child’s school contact me if she is at risk of being held back?

There are three times during the year where your school may notify you if your child is at risk of being held back:

- The Fall Parent Teacher Conference
- In writing by February 15th (called a “Promotion in Doubt” Letter)
- In writing by mail before the end of the school year.

Warning: Even if a school fails to notify you, the school can still hold your child back.

Can I appeal the school’s decision to hold my child back?

YES. If you disagree with the school’s decision, you may submit a written appeal to the principal. The superintendent then reviews the principal’s decision and makes a final determination.

What does my child need to do to graduate from high school?

Your child must complete 44 credits and pass 4 Regents exams (in English, Math, Social Studies, and Science) with scores of 65 or above, and a 5th state-approved exam of the student’s choice (such as an extra Regents exam, Advanced Placement exam, Career and Technical Education (CTE) exam).

ELLs do not have to pass the NYSESLAT to graduate; however, they must pass their English Regents exam in English. If an ELL cannot understand other subject areas in English, she may be able to take her other exams in her preferred language.

For more information, see AFC’s High School Promotion and Graduation for ELLs handout, available in English, Spanish, Bengali, Chinese, and Haitian Creole at http://www.advocatesforchildren.org/get_help.guides_and_resources.
Discrimination

It is against the law for a school to discriminate against you or your child on the basis of your race, color, ethnicity, country of origin, religion or immigration status.

What is Discrimination?

Here are a few examples:

- A staff person at the public school you wish to enroll your child in tells you that your child can’t attend because she is not an American.
- Your child comes home and tells you that a teacher told her to “go back to her own country.”

If you feel that you or your child have been discriminated against or harassed you may file a complaint with any of these agencies:

- NYC DOE Office of Equal Opportunity (OEO): (718) 935-3320
  Complaints must be filed with the OEO within one year of the event which is the subject of the complaint.
- U.S. Department of Education, Office for Civil Rights: (646) 428-3900
- New York City Commission on Human Rights: (212) 306-7050
There are many ways you can participate in your child’s education. Some examples include:

- Joining a **Parent or Parent-Teacher Association (PA/PTA)**. These organizations are present in every school and they are consulted by the school in all decisions. However, PAs and PTAs cannot make final decisions about school operation.

- Contacting your school’s **Parent Coordinator** if your school has one. Parent Coordinators help address parents’ concerns and support parent involvement.

- Participating in a **School Leadership Team**. These are school-based organizations that are present in every school. Equal numbers of parents and staff meet at least once a month to plan and decide on school policies related to the budget, curriculum, ELL services, etc.

- Participating in a **TITLE I Parent Advisory Council**: a federal program for improving the achievement of low-income and minority children, including ELLs. Contact the Parent Coordinator at your school for more information.

- Applying to join a **Community or Citywide Education Council (CEC)**: 32 bodies across NYC that shape educational policies and priorities in their respective public school districts. You can find more information about joining a CEC on the DOE’s website at: [http://schools.nyc.gov/Offices/CEC/GPInformation/default.htm](http://schools.nyc.gov/Offices/CEC/GPInformation/default.htm).

- Applying to join the **Citywide Council on English Language Learners (CCELL)**: [http://schools.nyc.gov/Offices/CEC/default.htm](http://schools.nyc.gov/Offices/CEC/default.htm).

- Joining a **community-based organization** that is focused on improving and supporting public education in NYC.
WHAT ARE MY RIGHTS AS A PARENT?

- You have the right to **receive school-related information** (progress reports, report cards, notices etc.) **in your preferred language**. These services should be available in at least Arabic, Bengali, Chinese, French, Haitian Creole, Korean, Russian, Spanish, and Urdu.

- You have the right to **attend parent-teacher conferences with translation and interpretation** assistance. Schools should post notices stating how you can receive these services. Ask your school’s Parent Coordinator or Principal for this information if you don’t see these notices in your child’s school.

- You have the right to **access a copy of all of your child’s school records**. These records must be produced immediately and no later than 45 calendar days after the request is made. You also have the right to appeal or amend any information in your child’s records.

- You have the right to **be involved in your child’s school** community and government.

Unfortunately, parents often do not receive the translation and interpretation services they need. If you have this problem, you can call our Helpline, or file a complaint by calling the DOE’s language access complaint line at (718) 935-2013.
If you have a problem with the services your child is receiving at school, including ELL services, speak with:

1. Your child’s teacher
2. Your school’s Parent Coordinator
3. The school principal
4. The Superintendent’s Office for your child’s school. A list of Superintendents may be found at: [http://schools.nyc.gov/AboutUs/schools/superintendents/HSsupes.htm](http://schools.nyc.gov/AboutUs/schools/superintendents/HSsupes.htm).

**Family Welcome Centers:**
Contact your Family Welcome Center to register your child in school.

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<th>Borough</th>
<th>Districts Served</th>
<th>Address</th>
<th>Phone Number</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Bronx</strong></td>
<td>7, 9, 10</td>
<td>1 Fordham Plaza, 7th Floor</td>
<td>718-935-2178</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>8, 11, 12</td>
<td>1230 Zerega Ave, Room 24</td>
<td>718-935-2278</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>17, 18, 22</td>
<td>1780 Ocean Avenue, 3rd Floor</td>
<td>718-935-2313</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>20, 21</td>
<td>415 89th Street, 5th Floor</td>
<td>718-935-2331</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>19, 23, 32</td>
<td>1665 St. Mark’s Avenue, Room 116</td>
<td>718-935-2340</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>13, 14, 15, 16</td>
<td>29 Fort Greene Place (BS12) General Education Only</td>
<td>718-935-2371</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Brooklyn</strong></td>
<td>1, 2, 4</td>
<td>333 7th Avenue, 12th Floor</td>
<td>718-935-2383</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>3, 5, 6</td>
<td>388 West 125th Street, 7th Floor</td>
<td>718-935-2385</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Manhattan</strong></td>
<td>24, 30</td>
<td>28-11 Queens Plaza North, 3rd Fl</td>
<td>718-935-2386</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>25, 26</td>
<td>30-48 Linden Place, 2nd Floor</td>
<td>718-935-2391</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>27, 28, 29</td>
<td>90-27 Sutphin Boulevard, 1st Floor</td>
<td>718-935-2393</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Queens</strong></td>
<td>31</td>
<td>715 Ocean Terrace, Building A</td>
<td>718-935-2402</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Staten Island</strong></td>
<td>31</td>
<td>715 Ocean Terrace, Building A</td>
<td>718-935-2402</td>
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</table>
WHO DO I GO TO FOR IMMIGRATION ASSISTANCE?

CUNY Citizenship Now:
CUNY centers offer free immigration services by appointment.

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<tr>
<th>CUNY Immigration Center</th>
<th>Language Spoken</th>
<th>Phone</th>
<th>Hours</th>
<th>Address</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Hostos Community College</td>
<td>English, Spanish</td>
<td>718-518-4395</td>
<td>Mon-Fri, 9am-12:30pm 1:30-4:30pm</td>
<td>427 Walton Ave., T-501 Bronx, NY 10451</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Medgar Evers College</td>
<td>English, Spanish, Polish</td>
<td>718-270-6292</td>
<td>Mon-Fri, 9am-1pm 2-5pm</td>
<td>1150 Carroll St., Rm 226 Brooklyn, NY 11225</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>City College</td>
<td>English, Spanish, Italian</td>
<td>212-650-6620</td>
<td>Mon-Fri, 9am-5pm By Appointment Only</td>
<td>160 Convent Ave., North Academic Center, Rm 1-206 New York, NY 10031</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CUNY Xpress</td>
<td>English, Spanish</td>
<td>212-568-4692</td>
<td>Mon-Fri, 10am-5pm</td>
<td>560 West 181st St. New York, NY 10033</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flushing</td>
<td>English, Chinese, Korean, Spanish</td>
<td>718-640-9223</td>
<td>Mon-Fri, 9:30am-1pm 2-4:30pm</td>
<td>39-07 Prince St., Ste. 2B Flushing, NY 11354</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>York College</td>
<td>English, Spanish</td>
<td>718-262-2983</td>
<td>Mon-Fri, 9:30am-4:30pm By Appointment Only</td>
<td>94-20 Guy Brewer Blvd. Jamaica, NY 11451</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>College of Staten Island, El Centro &amp; Project Hospitality at The Help Center</td>
<td>English, Spanish</td>
<td>718-448-3470</td>
<td>Mon 12-7pm &amp; Thurs-Fri, 9am-5pm No attorneys Thurs-Fri</td>
<td>514 Bay Street Staten Island, NY 10304</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
The Door, Legal and Immigration Services:
The Legal Services Center serves youth ages 12-21. Email legalstaff@door.org or call 212-941-9090, ext. 3280.

Legal Aid Society, Immigration Project:
Immigration Law Unit Hotline for detained immigrants, available Wednesdays from 1pm—5 pm: 212-577-3456. Non-detained immigrants with pending Immigration Court cases should call 212-577-3300.

Catholic Charities:
New York State (NYS) New Americans Hotline: 212-419-3737 or 1-800-566-7636 (toll-free in NYS). Legal Orientation Program for Custodians (LOPC) Hotline for custodians of unaccompanied minors: 1-888-996-3848 (Monday through Friday, 9am-8pm).

Arab American Association of New York:
Immigration services—free consultations and low cost services. Email arabamericanny@gmail.com or call 718-745-3523 to schedule an appointment.
IMPORTANT TERMS & ACRONYMS

BFSC — Borough Field Support Center

Chancellor’s Regulations — the official rules for NYC public schools

DL — Dual Language program

EI — Early Intervention program services

ELL — English Language Learner

ENL — English as a New Language

HLIS — Home Language Identification Survey, identifies a child’s dominant language

IEP — Individualized Education Program

NYSITELL — New York State Identification Test for English Language Learners, determines students’ listening, speaking, reading, and writing abilities in English.

NYSESLAT — New York State English as a Second Language Achievement Test, tests students’ English reading, writing, listening, and speaking skills.

PA/PTA — Parents Association/Parent-Teacher Association

TBE — Transitional Bilingual Education

UPK — Universal Pre-Kindergarten

This guide and additional resources on educational services in New York City are available on our website, www.advocatesforchildren.org.
ADVOCACY TIPS

 ✓ **Keep your child’s school documents** (such as IEPs and evaluations) and all letters and reports from school in a file, arranged by date.

 ✓ **Put it in writing**: Keep a notebook for yourself with dates and times of all meetings and communications with school staff and outside clinicians (such as doctors or therapists); follow up on conversations in writing, by letter, or by email, and keep a copy so you have a record.

 ✓ **Send all important information by certified mail**, return receipt requested or by fax with confirmation so you have proof it was sent.

 ✓ **Talk with the people who work with your child**. Speak to teachers when things are going well or if things are going poorly and you will establish yourself as a concerned and involved parent.

 ✓ **Be persistent**. If someone says there is nothing that can be done for your child, get a second opinion.

 ✓ **Maintain a productive conversation**. Even when you are angry about something that has happened, try to speak calmly when making your point.

 ✓ **Bring along a friend**, family member, or someone who knows your child outside of school to school meetings if you feel your perspective is not being heard by the DOE.
Our Mission
Advocates for Children of New York (AFC)’s mission is to ensure a high-quality education for New York students who face barriers to academic success, focusing on students from low-income backgrounds. AFC achieves this through four integrated strategies:

- Free advice and legal representation for families of students;
- Free trainings and workshops for parents, communities, and educators and other professionals, to equip them to advocate on behalf of students;
- Policy advocacy to effect change in the education system and improve education outcomes; and
- Impact litigation to protect the right to quality education and to compel needed education reform.

Still have more questions? Please call the Jill Chaifetz Education Helpline:
Monday through Thursday
10 am to 4 pm
866-427-6033 (toll free)

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